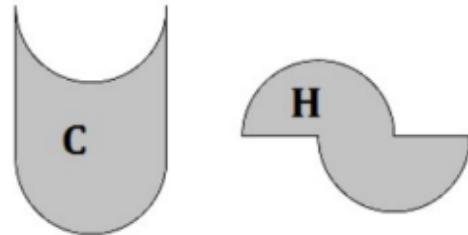


Série 1

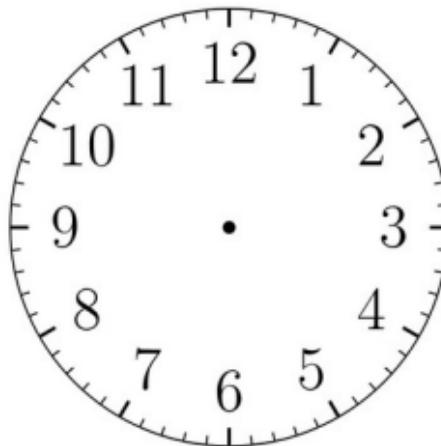
(1) $1 = \dots \times \frac{1}{10}$

(2) $\frac{5}{2}$ sous forme décimale

(3) Quelle figure semble avoir la plus grande aire ?



(4) Représenter 8h30 sur ce cadran :

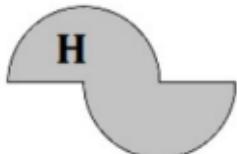


Série 2

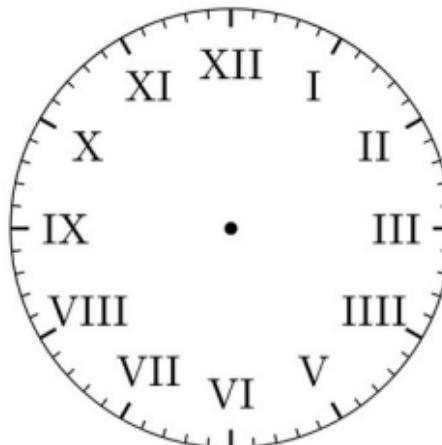
(1) $10 \times \frac{1}{100} =$

(2) 0,75 sous forme fractionnaire

(3) Quelle figure semble avoir la plus grande aire ?



(4) Représenter 3h30 sur ce cadran :

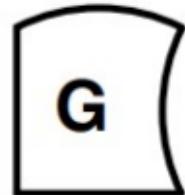


Série 3

(1) $1 = 100 \times \dots$
...
...

(2) $\frac{4}{2}$ sous forme décimale

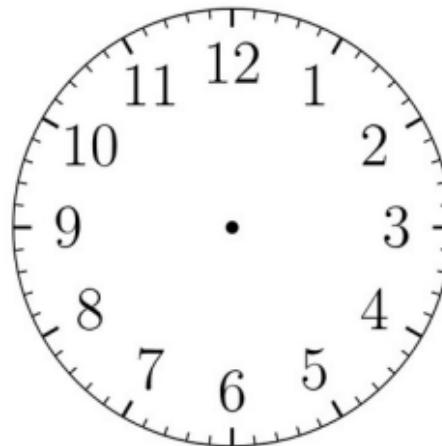
(3) Quelle figure semble avoir la plus grande aire ?



[OBJ]

[OBJ] [OBJ]

(4) Représenter 9h15 sur ce cadran :

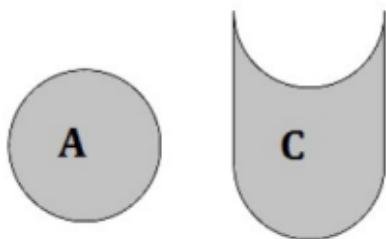


Série 4

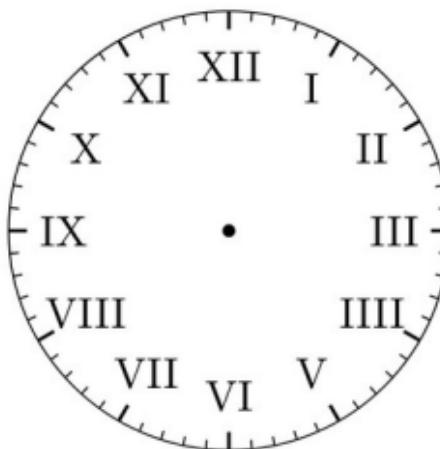
(1) $\frac{1}{100} = \dots \times \frac{1}{1000}$

(2) 2,5 sous forme fractionnaire

(3) Quelle figure semble avoir la plus grande aire ?



(4) Représenter 6h45 sur ce cadran :



Automatismes 11

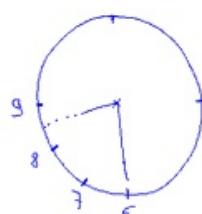
Série 1

(1) $1 = 10 \times \frac{1}{10}$

(2) $\frac{5}{2} = 2,5$

(3) La figure C

(4)



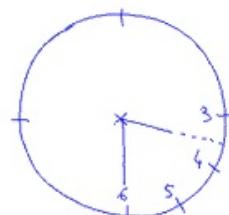
Série 2

(1) $10 \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{10}$

(2) $0,75 = \frac{3}{4}$

(3) Elles ont la même aire

(4)



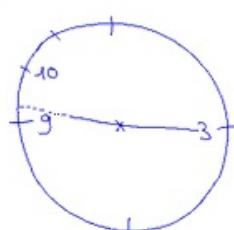
Série 3

(1) $1 = 100 \times \frac{1}{100}$

(2) $\frac{4}{2} = 2$

(3) Elles ont la même aire

(4)



Série 4

(1) $\frac{1}{100} = 10 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

(2) $2,5 = \frac{5}{2}$

(3) La figure C

(4)

